

CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2848

Chapter 259, Laws of 2006

59th Legislature
2006 Regular Session

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE ADVOCATES--CLIENT CONFIDENTIALITY--PRIVILEGED
INFORMATION

EFFECTIVE DATE: 6/7/06

Passed by the House February 13, 2006
Yeas 98 Nays 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 3, 2006
Yeas 47 Nays 0

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Approved March 27, 2006.

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

CERTIFICATE

I, Richard Nafziger, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2848** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

RICHARD NAFZIGER

Chief Clerk

FILED

March 27, 2006 - 3:47 p.m.

**Secretary of State
State of Washington**

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2848

Passed Legislature - 2006 Regular Session

State of Washington 59th Legislature 2006 Regular Session

By House Committee on Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representatives Lantz, Ericks, Santos, Williams, Rodne, Priest, Hudgins, Darneille, Morrell, Kessler, McDonald, Roberts, McCoy, Kenney, Campbell, P. Sullivan, Wallace, Hasegawa, Kilmer, Green, Simpson, Wood, Ormsby and Springer)

READ FIRST TIME 1/31/06.

1 AN ACT Relating to protecting confidentiality of domestic violence
2 information; amending RCW 5.60.060, 70.123.040, and 74.04.060; adding
3 a new section to chapter 70.123 RCW; and creating a new section.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** The legislature intends, by amending RCW
6 5.60.060, to recognize that advocates help domestic violence victims by
7 giving them the support and counseling they need to recover from their
8 abuse, and by providing resources to achieve protection from further
9 abuse. Without assurance that communications made with a domestic
10 violence advocate will be confidential and protected from disclosure,
11 victims will be deterred from confiding openly or seeking information
12 and counseling, resulting in a failure to receive vital advocacy and
13 support needed for recovery and protection from abuse. But
14 investigative or prosecutorial functions performed by individuals who
15 assist victims in the criminal legal system and in other state agencies
16 are different from the advocacy and counseling functions performed by
17 advocates who work under the auspices or supervision of a community
18 victim services program. The legislature recognizes the important role
19 played by individuals who assist victims in the criminal legal system

1 and in other state agencies, but intends that the testimonial privilege
2 not be extended to individuals who perform an investigative or
3 prosecutorial function.

4 **Sec. 2.** RCW 5.60.060 and 2005 c 504 s 705 are each amended to read
5 as follows:

6 (1) A husband shall not be examined for or against his wife,
7 without the consent of the wife, nor a wife for or against her husband
8 without the consent of the husband; nor can either during marriage or
9 afterward, be without the consent of the other, examined as to any
10 communication made by one to the other during marriage. But this
11 exception shall not apply to a civil action or proceeding by one
12 against the other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime
13 committed by one against the other, nor to a criminal action or
14 proceeding against a spouse if the marriage occurred subsequent to the
15 filing of formal charges against the defendant, nor to a criminal
16 action or proceeding for a crime committed by said husband or wife
17 against any child of whom said husband or wife is the parent or
18 guardian, nor to a proceeding under chapter 70.96A, 70.96B, 71.05, or
19 71.09 RCW: PROVIDED, That the spouse of a person sought to be detained
20 under chapter 70.96A, 70.96B, 71.05, or 71.09 RCW may not be compelled
21 to testify and shall be so informed by the court prior to being called
22 as a witness.

23 (2)(a) An attorney or counselor shall not, without the consent of
24 his or her client, be examined as to any communication made by the
25 client to him or her, or his or her advice given thereon in the course
26 of professional employment.

27 (b) A parent or guardian of a minor child arrested on a criminal
28 charge may not be examined as to a communication between the child and
29 his or her attorney if the communication was made in the presence of
30 the parent or guardian. This privilege does not extend to
31 communications made prior to the arrest.

32 (3) A member of the clergy or a priest shall not, without the
33 consent of a person making the confession, be examined as to any
34 confession made to him or her in his or her professional character, in
35 the course of discipline enjoined by the church to which he or she
36 belongs.

1 (4) Subject to the limitations under RCW 70.96A.140 or 71.05.360
2 (8) and (9), a physician or surgeon or osteopathic physician or surgeon
3 or podiatric physician or surgeon shall not, without the consent of his
4 or her patient, be examined in a civil action as to any information
5 acquired in attending such patient, which was necessary to enable him
6 or her to prescribe or act for the patient, except as follows:

7 (a) In any judicial proceedings regarding a child's injury,
8 neglect, or sexual abuse or the cause thereof; and

9 (b) Ninety days after filing an action for personal injuries or
10 wrongful death, the claimant shall be deemed to waive the physician-
11 patient privilege. Waiver of the physician-patient privilege for any
12 one physician or condition constitutes a waiver of the privilege as to
13 all physicians or conditions, subject to such limitations as a court
14 may impose pursuant to court rules.

15 (5) A public officer shall not be examined as a witness as to
16 communications made to him or her in official confidence, when the
17 public interest would suffer by the disclosure.

18 (6)(a) A peer support group counselor shall not, without consent of
19 the law enforcement officer making the communication, be compelled to
20 testify about any communication made to the counselor by the officer
21 while receiving counseling. The counselor must be designated as such
22 by the sheriff, police chief, or chief of the Washington state patrol,
23 prior to the incident that results in counseling. The privilege only
24 applies when the communication was made to the counselor while acting
25 in his or her capacity as a peer support group counselor. The
26 privilege does not apply if the counselor was an initial responding
27 officer, a witness, or a party to the incident which prompted the
28 delivery of peer support group counseling services to the law
29 enforcement officer.

30 (b) For purposes of this section, "peer support group counselor"
31 means a:

32 (i) Law enforcement officer, or civilian employee of a law
33 enforcement agency, who has received training to provide emotional and
34 moral support and counseling to an officer who needs those services as
35 a result of an incident in which the officer was involved while acting
36 in his or her official capacity; or

37 (ii) Nonemployee counselor who has been designated by the sheriff,
38 police chief, or chief of the Washington state patrol to provide

1 emotional and moral support and counseling to an officer who needs
2 those services as a result of an incident in which the officer was
3 involved while acting in his or her official capacity.

4 (7) A sexual assault advocate may not, without the consent of the
5 victim, be examined as to any communication made by the victim to the
6 sexual assault advocate.

7 (a) For purposes of this section, "sexual assault advocate" means
8 the employee or volunteer from a rape crisis center, victim assistance
9 unit, program, or association, that provides information, medical or
10 legal advocacy, counseling, or support to victims of sexual assault,
11 who is designated by the victim to accompany the victim to the hospital
12 or other health care facility and to proceedings concerning the alleged
13 assault, including police and prosecution interviews and court
14 proceedings.

15 (b) A sexual assault advocate may disclose a confidential
16 communication without the consent of the victim if failure to disclose
17 is likely to result in a clear, imminent risk of serious physical
18 injury or death of the victim or another person. Any sexual assault
19 advocate participating in good faith in the disclosing of records and
20 communications under this section shall have immunity from any
21 liability, civil, criminal, or otherwise, that might result from the
22 action. In any proceeding, civil or criminal, arising out of a
23 disclosure under this section, the good faith of the sexual assault
24 advocate who disclosed the confidential communication shall be
25 presumed.

26 (8) A domestic violence advocate may not, without the consent of
27 the victim, be examined as to any communication between the victim and
28 the domestic violence advocate.

29 (a) For purposes of this section, "domestic violence advocate"
30 means an employee or supervised volunteer from a community-based
31 domestic violence program or human services program that provides
32 information, advocacy, counseling, crisis intervention, emergency
33 shelter, or support to victims of domestic violence and who is not
34 employed by, or under the direct supervision of, a law enforcement
35 agency, a prosecutor's office, or the child protective services section
36 of the department of social and health services as defined in RCW
37 26.44.020.

1 (b) A domestic violence advocate may disclose a confidential
2 communication without the consent of the victim if failure to disclose
3 is likely to result in a clear, imminent risk of serious physical
4 injury or death of the victim or another person. This section does not
5 relieve a domestic violence advocate from the requirement to report or
6 cause to be reported an incident under RCW 26.44.030(1) or to disclose
7 relevant records relating to a child as required by RCW 26.44.030(11).
8 Any domestic violence advocate participating in good faith in the
9 disclosing of communications under this subsection is immune from
10 liability, civil, criminal, or otherwise, that might result from the
11 action. In any proceeding, civil or criminal, arising out of a
12 disclosure under this subsection, the good faith of the domestic
13 violence advocate who disclosed the confidential communication shall be
14 presumed.

15 **Sec. 3.** RCW 70.123.040 and 1979 ex.s. c 245 s 4 are each amended
16 to read as follows:

17 (1) Minimum standards established by the department under RCW
18 70.123.030 shall ensure that shelters receiving grants under this
19 chapter provide services meeting basic survival needs, where not
20 provided by other means, such as, but not limited to, food, clothing,
21 housing, safety, security, client advocacy, client confidentiality, and
22 counseling. These services shall be problem-oriented and designed to
23 provide necessary assistance to the victims of domestic violence and
24 their children.

25 (2) The department shall establish minimum standards that ensure
26 that nonshelter community-based services for victims of domestic
27 violence funded under RCW 70.123.150 provide services designed to
28 enhance safety and security by means such as, but not limited to,
29 client advocacy, client confidentiality, and counseling.

30 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 70.123 RCW
31 to read as follows:

32 (1) Except as authorized in subsections (2) and (3) of this
33 section, or pursuant to court order under RCW 70.123.075, a domestic
34 violence program, an individual who assists a domestic violence program
35 in the delivery of services, or an agent, employee, or volunteer of a
36 domestic violence program shall not disclose information about a

1 recipient of shelter, advocacy, or counseling services without the
2 informed authorization of the recipient. In the case of an
3 unemancipated minor, the minor and the parent or guardian must provide
4 the authorization. For the purposes of this section, a "domestic
5 violence program" means an agency that provides shelter, advocacy, or
6 counseling for domestic violence victims in a supportive environment.

7 (2)(a) A recipient of shelter, advocacy, or counseling services may
8 authorize a domestic violence program to disclose information about the
9 recipient. The authorization must be in writing, signed by the
10 recipient, or if an unemancipated minor is the recipient, signed by the
11 minor and the parent or guardian, and must contain a reasonable time
12 limit on the duration of the recipient's authorization. If the
13 authorization does not contain a date upon which the authorization to
14 disclose information expires, the recipient's authorization expires
15 ninety days after the date it was signed.

16 (b) The domestic violence program's disclosure of information shall
17 be only to the extent authorized by the recipient. The domestic
18 violence program, if requested, shall provide a copy of the disclosed
19 information to the recipient.

20 (c) Except as provided under this chapter, an authorization is not
21 a waiver of the recipient's rights or privileges under other statutes,
22 rules of evidence, or common law.

23 (3) If disclosure of a recipient's information is required by
24 statute or court order, the domestic violence program shall make
25 reasonable attempts to provide notice to the recipient affected by the
26 disclosure of information. If personally identifying information is or
27 will be disclosed, the domestic violence program shall take steps
28 necessary to protect the privacy and safety of the persons affected by
29 the disclosure of the information.

30 (4) To comply with tribal, federal, state, or territorial
31 reporting, evaluation, or data collection requirements, domestic
32 violence programs may share data in the aggregate that does not contain
33 personally identifying information and that: (a) Pertains to services
34 to their clients; or (b) is demographic information.

35 **Sec. 5.** RCW 74.04.060 and 1987 c 435 s 29 are each amended to read
36 as follows:

37 (1)(a) For the protection of applicants and recipients, the

1 department and the county offices and their respective officers and
2 employees are prohibited, except as hereinafter provided, from
3 disclosing the contents of any records, files, papers and
4 communications, except for purposes directly connected with the
5 administration of the programs of this title. In any judicial
6 proceeding, except such proceeding as is directly concerned with the
7 administration of these programs, such records, files, papers and
8 communications, and their contents, shall be deemed privileged
9 communications and except for the right of any individual to inquire of
10 the office whether a named individual is a recipient of welfare
11 assistance and such person shall be entitled to an affirmative or
12 negative answer. ((However,))

13 (b) Upon written request of a parent who has been awarded
14 visitation rights in an action for divorce or separation or any parent
15 with legal custody of the child, the department shall disclose to him
16 or her the last known address and location of his or her natural or
17 adopted children. The secretary shall adopt rules which establish
18 procedures for disclosing the address of the children and providing,
19 when appropriate, for prior notice to the custodian of the children.
20 The notice shall state that a request for disclosure has been received
21 and will be complied with by the department unless the department
22 receives a copy of a court order which enjoins the disclosure of the
23 information or restricts or limits the requesting party's right to
24 contact or visit the other party or the child. Information supplied to
25 a parent by the department shall be used only for purposes directly
26 related to the enforcement of the visitation and custody provisions of
27 the court order of separation or decree of divorce. No parent shall
28 disclose such information to any other person except for the purpose of
29 enforcing visitation provisions of the said order or decree.

30 (c) The department shall review methods to improve the protection
31 and confidentiality of information for recipients of welfare assistance
32 who have disclosed to the department that they are past or current
33 victims of domestic violence or stalking.

34 (2) The county offices shall maintain monthly at their offices a
35 report showing the names and addresses of all recipients in the county
36 receiving public assistance under this title, together with the amount
37 paid to each during the preceding month.

1 (3) The provisions of this section shall not apply to duly
2 designated representatives of approved private welfare agencies, public
3 officials, members of legislative interim committees and advisory
4 committees when performing duties directly connected with the
5 administration of this title, such as regulation and investigation
6 directly connected therewith: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That any information
7 so obtained by such persons or groups shall be treated with such degree
8 of confidentiality as is required by the federal social security law.

9 (4) It shall be unlawful, except as provided in this section, for
10 any person, body, association, firm, corporation or other agency to
11 solicit, publish, disclose, receive, make use of, or to authorize,
12 knowingly permit, participate in or acquiesce in the use of any lists
13 or names for commercial or political purposes of any nature. The
14 violation of this section shall be a gross misdemeanor.

Passed by the House February 13, 2006.

Passed by the Senate March 3, 2006.

Approved by the Governor March 27, 2006.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 27, 2006.